

综合英语（二）

【课程代码：00795】

考前30分



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第一章 重点语法

时态

三种常考时态：

1. 过去完成时

(1) 由 had+过去分词构成，表示在过去某一时刻以前已经完成的动作，常与由 by, before, until 等介词或连词引起的表示到过去某一时间为止的时间状语连用。

The girl had learned a lot of English words before she went to school.

(2) 用在表示与过去情况相反的虚拟句的从句中。

If he had studied hard last term, he would have passed the examination.

I wish I had gone to the party last night.

2. 将来完成时

由 shall (will) + have+过去分词构成，表示将来某个时间之前会发生或可能完成的事情，常与 by, before, when 等介词或连词引导的表示将来的时间短语或从句连用。

When we get there they'll probably have left.

By the end of this century China will have become one of the strongest and wealthiest country in the world.

3. 情态动词+完成时（重点）

(1) could+have+过去分词

有时表示过去的时间，说明某事可能已发生，有时也表示与事实相反，表示本来有能力做某事，但却未做。

例：

The director could have produced a better film.

He could have helped me, but he didn't.

(2) might/may+have+过去分词表示对已经发生的情况进行揣测，但语气相当不肯定，表示近乎未实现的行为。

例：You might have done the work better.

你本来可以把工作做得更好一些。

(3) must+have+过去分词是对发生在过去的一种行为的推测，表示过去必定发生过的事情，语气相当肯定，表示“肯定，一定”。

例：It must have rained last night. The ground is wet.

昨夜一定下雨了，地上湿乎乎的。

(4) should/ought to +have+过去分词表示该做而未做到的事，表示“本应”。

例：They should have made a good job of it.

他们本来可把工作做好。

(5) should not/oughtn't to+have+过去分词表示做不该做的事，表示“本不应该”。

例：You should not have done such things.

你不该做出这种事情来。

(6) can't (couldn't) +have+过去分词表示对过去的动作进行肯定性推测。意为“肯定没有，肯定不是”。

例：The poem can't have been written by the little girl; she is only four.

这首诗肯定不是这个小女孩写的，她才刚四岁。

(7) would+have+过去分词经常用于虚拟条件句中，表示与过去事实相反的猜测。

例：If she had known about it, she would have talked about it.

她要是知道这件事的话，早就对此说东道西了。

needn't+have+过去分词表示不必做的事却做了。

You needn't have done all these calculations. We have a computer to deal with that sort of thing.

你不必做所有这些计算。我们有一台电脑来处理这种事情。

第二章 词性转化

词性转化关键是根据所作成分确定词性，填入后看意思是否合理。

练习一：

1. When you feel bad, find a person to cry with and to let out your anger and other feelings of _____. (helpless)
2. In my opinion it is less _____ for a king to be overcome by force of arms than by bribery. (shame)
3. The will to win and the desire to succeed are the keys that will unlock the door to _____ excellence. (person)
4. After a long period of rain the river may _____ its banks. (flow, over)
5. Please concentrate on the business at hand and don't drag in _____ issues. (relevant)
6. He believed in _____ so much that he would rather die than live without it. (free)
7. We all know that _____ is the first requirement for learning. (concentrate)
8. We apologize for any _____ caused during the construction of the road. (convenience)
9. The evidence given by the witness in court was inconsistent with what he had _____ police. (previous)
10. Clearly, if you are spending more than what you earn, you' ll have to _____ your belt. (tight)

【答案】helplessness; shameful; personal; overflow; irrelevant; freedom; concentration; inconvenience; previously;

tighten

练习二：

1. His poor _____ may be attributed to lack of motivation rather than to reading difficulties. (perform)
2. The most _____ thing of all was that not a sound could be heard. (frighten)
3. Being ignorant is not so much a shame as being _____ to learn. (willing)

4. His eighth book came out earlier this year and was an instant _____. (best, seller)
5. Poverty and _____ of hope are the real causes for anti-social behavior. (absent)
6. Today, oil and _____ gas have replaced coal and wood in these areas. (nature)
7. Those who lack _____ know-how will have fewer opportunities for good jobs. (science)
8. The movie I saw last night is nearly two hours in _____. (long)
9. My English is not very good. Please forgive my poor pronounce _____. (pronounce)
10. The event was organized _____ by students and staff. (joint)

【答案】 performance; frightening; unwilling; best-seller; absence; natural; scientific; length; pronunciation; jointly

练习三:

1. Sometimes the heart sees what is _____ to the eye. (visible)
2. A really bad cold pulls you down and leaves you feeling very _____. (misery)
3. I believe that fresh air is _____ to your health. (benefit)
4. With a wave of his hand, the _____ made the rabbit vanish. (magic)
5. A well-ordered life is like climbing a tower; the view up _____ is better than the view from the base. (way, half)
6. Outwardly she looked confident, but in _____ she felt extremely nervous. (real)
7. The teacher has made a few _____ to the seating plan of the class. (adjust)
8. Tom thinks that he has been so _____ that no chances have fallen on him. (lucky)
9. _____ is the language which the deaf can hear and the blind can see. (kind)
10. We can _____ forgive a child who is afraid of the dark; the real tragedy of life is when men are afraid of the light. (easy)

【答案】 invisible; miserable; beneficial; magician; halfway; reality; adjustments; unlucky; Kindness; easily

练习四:

1. One important duty of any government is to protect the interests of _____. (payer, tax)
2. This question has already been analyzed in _____ further discussion. (deep)
3. A heavy storm moved _____ flooding streets. (direct)
4. Drug manufacturing is the most _____ business in some countries. (profit)
5. A narrow-minded person is _____ to consider new ideas or other people's opinions. (willing)
6. The boss claimed that his company needed more feedback from _____ in order to improve its products. (consume)
7. To him, friendship is nothing but a promise of _____ and unselfishness. (loyal)
8. His visit is intended to _____ ties between the two countries. (strength)
9. With great tolerance towards various religions, people in this country have never been involved in any _____ wars. (religion)
10. Continuous exposure to sound above 80 decibels could be _____. (harm)

【答案】 taxpayers; depth; directly; profitable; unwilling; consumers; loyalty; strengthen; religious; harmful

第三章 难句释义

(一)

1. *But Barrett was beyond all reasoning.* His mind had already cracked with thirst.

It's useless to try to reason with Barrett.

2. "What an amazing model!". *"What a picture Rembrandt would have made of him."*

It is a pity that Rembrandt didn't draw a picture of him.

3. Every piece of laundry was as clean as polished silver. Every piece was neatly ironed. *She was a real find.*

We were lucky to have such a wonderful washwoman.

4. It is difficult to resist the impression that bribery and other questionable payments are on the increase.

It is obvious that bribery is becoming more and more common.

5. There is abundant luxury in the room but a minimum of taste.

Although the room is richly furnished, it doesn't look elegant.

6. Nowhere is thinking courtesy more important than in marriage.

Marriage is such a relationship which needs courtesy most.

7. People were only shapes in dense, gray fog of dust and ash.

You could only see the outline of people in dusty air.

8. If I love you, *I can empathize with you and see the world through your eyes.*

...I can share ideas and feelings with you.

9. The difficulty when strangers from two countries meet is not a lack of appreciation of friendship, *but different expectations about what constitutes friendship and how it comes into being.*

... but different ideas on the basic elements of friendship and how it is formed.

10. If you have wide and keen interests and activities in which you can still be effective, *you have no reason to think about the merely statistical fact of the number of the years you have already lived...*

... you don't have to worry about your old age...

(二)

1. Assignments are thus felt to be given added weight by the passage of time.

The more time is spent, the more important the tasks are considered.

2. I have got heaps of old clothes at home—*do you think he would care for any of them?*

... do you think he would like to accept any of these clothes?

3. I may not do anything else for you this year, *but not one of you is going to come out of here [the school] a nobody.*

... every one of you will become a useful person when you graduate from our school.

4. The book exploded into the public consciousness.

The book raised the public awareness of the relevant issue.

5. *Intellectually*, we must admit, *he was not of much importance*.

His mental abilities were about or below average.

6. And yet, we are also separate individuals. *We must come to terms with our struggles alone*.

We must accept and deal with difficult tasks by ourselves.

7. There was a crash that made all the most violent crashes of his past life seem like the sound of falling dust.

Compared with this crash, all the other crashes in the past seemed so soft.

8. I began to dread Aunt Carrie's formerly most welcome visits.

I was afraid of Aunt Carrie's coming to see us while in the past I always looked forward to her visits.

9. The other thing to be avoided *is clinging to youth in the hope of finding strength in its vitality*

... being emotionally dependent on your children hoping to find pleasure in life

10. Fortunately, *as the new semester gets under way, my courses begin to interest me*.

... when the new semester starts, I become interested in my courses.

(三)

1. From the lifeboat's stern, where I'd sat most of the twenty days of our drifting, *I could keep them all covered*.

...I could aim my gun at each of them.

2. Consequently, bereft of cultural heroes, *we have latched onto cultural icons*.

... we become crazy about celebrities rather than national heroes.

3. If we spend a few million *greasing the palms of some of the buyers*, who's hurt?

... bribing some of the purchasers...

4. ~~The old woman~~ did not want to become a burden, and so bore her burden.

Instead of depending on others for a living, she took the responsibility of supporting herself.

5. He and the boy ~~stared~~ at each other a long moment, both knowing what must be done and each knowing *the other would more than do his share*.

... the other would do more than what he was expected to do.

6. As the days and nights flow by, *I scam government documents for gaps indicating an area of knowledge that is still classified*.

...I read the documents trying to find information unknown to public.

7. With us the cities pretend they are not really there until we are well inside them.

You find yourself already in the city without realizing you have entered it.

8. Uncle Allen had made something of himself by 1932.

Uncle Allen had been quite successful in his career by 1932.

9. The audiences were small, and even if Rudolf had been really first-rate, *they would not have been very demonstrative*.

... they would not have responded warmly.

10. By word of mouth during the holidays, by phrases in letters during term time, *I was kept up to date with John's cleverness and progress.*

...I was provided with the most recent news of John's success.

(四)

1. *It's much braver to ask questions even when there's a prospect of ridicule* than to suppress your questions and become deadened to the world around you.

It is more courageous to ask questions at the risk of being laughed at...

2. *All of us depend for our peace of mind and our efficiency on hundreds of these cues*, often without our conscious awareness.

These cultural signs help us remain calm and keep things going...

3. Overindulgence of a child also happens *when parents are unable to stand up to their children's unreasonable demands.*

... when parents cannot resist their children's excessive requests.

4. We can't call ourselves Christians and then deny safety to our friends when the showdown comes.

As Christians we shouldn't refuse to help others in times of danger and crisis.

5. She wrote about it not only in formal academic reports but also in a book *that informed and thrilled laymen around the world*

...that instructed and excited even nonprofessionals around the world.

6. "It's not so much what my husband says," a tearful wife confides, "as the way he says it..."

The wife is far more hurt by her husband's manner than by his words

7... *and its whole staff was out in the cold without so much as a month's salary to tide them over.*

... they were left with little money to get them through the difficult period.

8. I suspect that we are always faintly conscious of the fact that this is a smallish island, with the sea always round the corner.

I think we may not be fully aware it is easy to get to the sea on this small island.

9. No one really expects a vacation trip to produce a close friend.

People don't hope to form a close friendship during a brief holiday trip.

10. I never do anything whatever on the ground that it is good for health, *though in actual fact the things I like doing are mostly wholesome.*

... as a matter of fact, most of the things I do are good for health.

第四章 重点话题

1. TOPIC: In the story "Forty Years On", the narrator's aunt is constantly telling him of another boy's "achievements" to spur him on.

Suppose you were the narrator, what is your view on this strategy?

【答案】Prodding was actually a well meaning game my aunt played on me and John Bullyer to make us strive for success.

My life was greatly shaped by John. Numerous comparisons were made between us when we were young. They were always to my disadvantage. Each time I had a small achievement, I was informed of John's greater accomplishment I had to work harder to catch up with him. The pressure I felt always made me nervous, but it was important for me to make gradual progress in my life.

When I finally met John years later, we found that the other person was entirely different from what we had always imagined. The nice trick my aunt played on both of us worked to put a little ambition into us and to keep us motivated. As an adult, I don't feel bitter at all about being pushed this way.

Instead, I feel grateful to my resourceful aunt.

2. TOPIC: How did Fotheringay's feelings about miracles change in the process of practicing his own unusual powers?

【答案】Mr. Fotheringay did not believe in miracles. But one day he first became aware of his own miraculous powers when he was trying to prove their impossibility. He commanded a burning lamp to turn upside down without breaking it, and it did as he ordered if. He was puzzled and confused. However, when he was convinced that he could work miracles by his will after a series of experiments, he was filled with mixed feelings of wonder and fear. Surely it was mice to have such powers, but he was not sure whether it was a blessing or a curse. Later he began to take advantage of his unusual powers. He created, by his will, a delicious egg for his break fast; he miraculously completed a whole day's work the last ten minutes. When he realized that his powers were unusual and strong, he felt very proud and his feeling of wonder turned to delight.

3.TOPIC: What kind of mother was Mrs. Baker in the story "Selling the Post"?

【答案】I think Mrs. Baker was a good mother. First, she was sensible. She loved her children, but never indulged them. She wanted her son to become a businessman. But when she found that the boy was not a bit interested in business, and that he had talent for writing, she encouraged him to become a writer.

Second, Mrs. Baker was very strict with her son, but she was not always criticizing him. She educated the boy in a proper way. She criticized the boy when he wanted to stay up late. When the boy failed to sell a single copy of the magazine, she encouraged him to try again. When he bought apples instead of candy with some of the money they had earned, she praised him, saying apples were good for children. She was the person who influenced the boy a lot in the course of his growing up.

4. TOPIC: From the text "Go-Go Americans, "what do you learn about Americans' attitude towards time and how does this attitude influence their life? You can use this outline:

- (1) Point out Americans' attitude towards time;
- (2) Give some examples to support this view; Make a brief comment on this view.

【答案】Americans believe that time is precious and should be saved carefully. They value time highly and do what they can to save time. This attitude towards time has affected their life greatly. For example, drivers are hurrying in the street and people are always in a rush. Time is divided into many segments and they strictly follow their schedules. In order to save time, Americans have invented a lot of time-saving devices, such as telex and telephone. They use telephone to conduct business, chat with friends and obtain information because it is quick. Businessmen don't take their partners out for dinner or have leisurely chats. They think it is a waste of time because the fulfillment of a job is not determined by the passage of time but by one's competence. Rapidity is always considered a priority. This view of time results in a nation of people with efficiency.

5.TOPIC: What do you think is Thomas Edison's greatest contribution to human progress? The text you should base your composition on is "Edison: Inventor of Invention".

- (1) State what his greatest contribution is.
- (2) Explain the reasons.
- (3) Draw a conclusion.

【答案】Although Thomas Edison is generally remembered as an inventor of innumerable devices, his greatest contribution is that he helped change the mentality of mankind.

From ancient times, people believed that the conditions of life were unchanging. In the 17th and 18th centuries, a small number of intellectuals began to doubt this conception and believe in change. This idea of progress was accepted by more people in the first half of the 19th century when steam-driven machines greatly improved production and transportation. But the accidents these machines caused filled people with fear and doubt. Towards the end of the 19th century, Edison's wonderful inventions showed concretely and convincingly that man could, by using his intelligence, invent a new way of life and showed how ordinary people could benefit from the progress of science.

Because of his part in convincing people that man should and was bound to move forward, Edison was looked upon as a symbol and creator of a new age.