

## 2016 乌兰察布市事业单位英语专业真题

### 第一部分 单项选择（共 30 小题，每题 1 分，共 30 分）

1. I will never forget \_\_\_\_\_ trip to the United States with my husband, which was really \_\_\_\_\_ unforgettable experience for me.

- A. the ,an                      B. the,/                      C. a, /                      D. a, an

2. Tony, why do you look so tired? — I \_\_\_\_\_ waste along the river for the past 6 hours.

- A. picked up                      B. have been picking up                      C. was picking up                      D. had picked up

3. The website was created in 2015, and today it has become \_\_\_\_\_ popular with college students in Japan.

- A. normally                      B. successfully                      C. naturally                      D. increasingly

4. We were travelling in Tibet during the month when you were carrying out the project, or we \_\_\_\_\_ in it to give you a hand.

- A. have come                      B. could participate  
C. would have participated                      D. had come

5. My mother is grateful to the surgeon, without \_\_\_\_\_ help she would have died from her heart attack.

- A. whom                      B. them                      C. which                      D. whose

6. \_\_\_\_\_ the culture gap and language differences, we still can understand each other through our body language.

- A. Regarding                      B. Without                      C. Despite                      D. Considering

7. After climbing the mountain for two hours, my legs \_\_\_\_\_ under me and I failed to up with my friend.

- A. gave up                      B. gave out                      C. gave in                      D. gave away

8. I wrote down my review about the film \_\_\_\_\_ it was still fresh in my mind.

- A. If                      B. though                      C. while                      D. before

9. Henry can't attend the party \_\_\_\_\_ at Tom's house at present because he has to prepare for his trip to Rio tomorrow.

- A. being held      B. hold      C. to hold      D. to be hold

10. So tough \_\_\_\_\_ it to lose weight to the stand and level in two months without the help of a professional doctor.

- A. she has left      B. does she feel      C. she does feel      D. has she felt

11. I am so happy to hear from her again. \_\_\_\_\_ it is 20 years since we met last time.

- A. What's more      B. That's to say  
C. In other words      D. Believe it or not

12. Whom do you want to have \_\_\_\_\_ our computer hardware?

- A. fixing      B. to fix      C. fixed      D. fix

13. In those days, our \_\_\_\_\_ concern was to provide people in the flood with food and health care.

- A. normal      B. Primary      C. permanent      D. constant

14. ---Are you going to take part in the speech contest?

---\_\_\_\_\_ it is too good an opportunity to miss.

- A. That's for sure.      B. How come?      C. No way      D. Why bother?

15. The manager has not made up his mind yet \_\_\_\_\_ who will be in charge of the project.

- A. as to      B. next to      C. owing to      D. according to

16. What do you think of his newly-published book?

It's the best one he \_\_\_\_\_, but that's not saying much.

- A. Wrote      B. is writing      C. has written      D. will write

17. We must be in a place of peace and faith, so internal conflict and disbelief do not hold back \_\_\_\_\_ it is possible for us to achieve.

- A. How      B. what      C. why      D. where

18. A recent research shows smoking and drinking \_\_\_\_\_ with your body's ability to process oxygen, thus greatly affecting your health.

- A. Identify      B. correspond      C. combine      D. interfere

19. We should protect our environment from being polluted \_\_\_\_\_ our next generation will enjoy a blue sky and live a healthy life.

- A. as if      B. so that      C. even if      D. in case

20. In September of 2016, the G20 summit will be held in Hangzhou, \_\_\_\_\_ theme is to stress innovation, reform and development.

- A. Where                      B. which                      C. when                      D. whose

21. ---How can I live my dreams in a short time?

---Be practical. Between you and your dreams \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of hard work.

- A. stand                      B. stands                      C. is standing                      D. are standing

22. Mr Simmons always tries to make me keep in mind that how much easier my life \_\_\_\_\_ if I were better organized.

- A. will be                      B. would have been                      C. would be                      D. will have been

23. Learning from \_\_\_\_\_ mistakes can help us keep conscious and avoid repeating them in the days to come.

- A. Previous                      B. curious                      C. obvious                      D. ridiculous

24. ---How come Tom picked a quarrel with his wife?

---\_\_\_\_\_.? We also have the occasional argument.

- A. What's on                      B. How's that                      C. Who doesn't                      D. Why not

25. Do not make complaints about being left out \_\_\_\_\_ you shy away from sharing your joys and sorrows with others.

- A. When                      B. unless                      C. once                      D. until

26. ---Andy, how do you find your present occupation?

---Just so-so. I've decided to resign my job this July, by when I \_\_\_\_\_ for five years.

- A. have worked                      B. will be working                      C. worked                      D. will have worked

27. ---How shall we go to the International Airport?

---By subway. Trying to call a taxi in such rush hours \_\_\_\_\_ bring a frustration.

- A. Should                      B. will                      C. can                      D. has to

28. What matters most is not to \_\_\_\_\_ more products but to polish up the quality and reduce the cost.

- A. make out                      B. turn out                      C. take out                      D. give out

29. \_\_\_\_\_ from the Song Dynasty, the Confucian Temple of Nanjing has now developed into a famous scenic spot, \_\_\_\_\_ sightseeing, shopping and tasty foods.

- A. Having dated; featured                      B. Dating; featuring  
C. Dating; having featured                    D. Dated; featuring

30.---The car crash hasn't brought any traffic inconvenience, has it?

---Yes. The road \_\_\_\_\_ with several miles of vehicles within a few minutes.

- A. has been blocked      B. was blocked      C. had been blocked      D. is blocked

## 第二部分 阅读理解（共 20 小题，每题 1.5 分，共 30 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的四个选项（A、B、C 和 D）中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

### A

There seems to be some truth in the old saying: "An apple a day keeps the doctor away." A new study in the Chinese population said Wednesday that people who eat fresh fruit on most days are at lower risk of heart attack and stroke than people who rarely eat fresh fruit.

The findings, published by the New England Journal of Medicine, came from a seven-year study of half a million adults in China, where fresh fruit consumption is much lower than in countries like the U.K. or the United States.

Researchers from the University of Oxford and Chinese Academy of Medical Sciences conducted a large, nationwide study of 500,000 adults across China, tracking health for seven years through death records and electronic hospital records of illness. The participants did not have a history of cardiovascular（心血管）diseases or anti-hypertensive（抗高血压）treatments when they first joined the study. The study found that eating a 100-gram portion of fruit per day was associated with about one-third less cardiovascular mortality（心血管死亡率）.

"The association between fruit consumption and cardiovascular risk seems to be stronger in China, where many still eat little fruit, than in high-income countries where daily consumption of fruit is more common," study author Jame of the University of Oxford said.

Also, fruit in China is almost exclusively consumed raw, whereas much of the fruit in high-income countries is processed, and many previous studies combined fresh and processed fruit, said he.

Senior author Winston, professor at the University of Oxford, noted that it's difficult to know whether the lower risk in people who eat more fresh fruit is because of a real protective effect. "If

it is, then widespread consumption of fresh fruit in China could prevent about half a million cardiovascular deaths a year, including 200,000 before age 70, and even larger numbers of non-fatal strokes and heart attacks,” Winston added.

31. According to the passage, we can learn that \_\_\_\_\_.

A. The study was conducted internationally among 500,000 adults.

B. Daily consumption of fruit is less common in low-income countries .

C. Chinese will not die of cardiovascular diseases if they eat enough fresh fruit.

D. It knows for sure that the lower risk in people eating more fresh fruit is because of a real protective effect.

32. What’s the main idea of this passage?

A. It is suggested to eat processed fruit rather than raw fruit.

B. Male are more likely to suffer from heart attack and stroke than female.

C. Research findings link lower heart diseases to more fresh fruit eating.

D. The government needs to prevent people from heart attack and stroke .

33. Where does this passage probably come from?

A. A book review.

B. A health report.

C. A class presentation.

D. A medical advertisement.

## B

The following countries have been sitting on hidden talents. And Now they’re about to fly.

NIGERIA（尼日利亚）

Nigeria says it pumps out as much oil as the other two oil-producing countries, Kuwait and Iraq. All this oil is cycling cash into the Nigerian economy and creating extremely rich businessmen. Analysts say that if Nigeria can improve its schools and technology, it could balloon into the world’s 13th largest economy by 2050, right between Turkey and Italy. If that reason is not enough for optimism, Nigeria’s president also has the sunniest name of any world leader: good luck Jonathan.

VIETNAM(越南)

As agriculture has given way to industry, unemployment in Vietnam has dropped.

What's Vietnam's trick? It's ready to work. Other countries' laborers aren't as cheap as they used to be, which makes Vietnam a relative bargain for companies that need new factories abroad. However, the country has almost no railroads, its highways are in poor condition, and its largest city has just one airport, which was built before the Vietnam War. So what's the use of producing export-ready goods if there's no convenient way to ship them? The good thing, however, officials are widening highways, building a new airport and soon.

CHILE(智利)

Pipes, computers, motors, and your microwave all have one thing in common: They're made with copper. Copper makes the world go round. And lucky for Chile, it's got about a third of the planet's copper supply. It just needs a way to dig it up and the government is pouring money into the country's mines.

34. Which country will Nigeria be expected to follow in respect of economy by 2050?

- A. Turkey.                      B. Iraq.                      C. Kuwait                      D. Italy.

35. The author mentions Good luck Jonathan in order to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. introduce Nigeria's president  
B. appear humorous.  
C. show his knowledge  
D. express his hope for Nigeria

36. The Vietnamese have more job opportunities because \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. they work harder  
B. they do better jobs  
C. they are paid less  
D. they are easier to control

37. What's the problem Vietnam is facing?

- A. It doesn't have money to build new factories.  
B. Its transport system is very poor.  
C. It is suffering from the Vietnam War.  
D. Its people don't have enough food to eat.

38. What will Chile depend on to get developed?



- A.High tech.
- B.The government's good administration.
- C.Investments from other countries.
- D.Natural resources

C

Before you accept quickly and gladly the first job offer that comes your way after college, consider this: your first job will probably be the most important decision you will ever make in your career.

The people you meet are often more important than your paycheck. Making your managers' job easier is a good way to earn their favor, but they shouldn't be your only supporters. The people sitting next to you may be your boss someday or, even better, they may know someone who might want to hire you in a field you actually want to work in. Those office allies are also important sources of inside information. When you are ready to negotiate your next pay raise or promotion, you will want to lean on co-workers who have been in your shoes and may have insights on salary expectations you should be asking for.

Your first job will make you better for your second, third and fourth jobs. Your first job is the final opportunity to take chances, make mistakes, ask "stupid" questions and still come out smelling like roses. But while you're trying things out, be conscious about what you have learned and how you can apply it later. Even if you haven't landed a job in your desired industry, you should be able to come up with a list of at least three to five valuable skills you've picked up that will impress a future employer. Hiring managers are much more forgiving of those who had to do some job-hopping to get to where they wanted to be — in this economy, who could blame you? — but they're still going to want to know that you can get the job done.

Negotiating your salary early in your career can improve your lifetime earnings. Your first job can be a great testing ground for your negotiation skills. Trust me that no hiring manager will dock you for having the confidence to ask for the salary you believe you deserve so long as you do it right.

39. Who is this article intended for?

- A. Those who have taken their first job.
- B. Those who are quitting their first job.
- C. Those who are looking for their first job.
- D. Those who intend to offer others the first job.
40. What does “allies” in Para 2 mean?
- A. Your enemies in working.
- B. Your supportive colleagues.
- C. Your competitors in working.
- D. Your bosses or your managers.
41. In which situation could hiring managers blame you?
- A. You can't do the job.
- B. You ask stupid questions.
- C. You ask for a too high salary.
- D. You have to do some job-hopping.
42. What is mainly talked about in this passage?
- A. The advice on changing a job.
- B. The importance of the first job.
- C. The way of avoiding job-hopping.
- D. The necessity of doing the same job.

**D**

Scientists have exactly discovered the set of brain cells involved in making risky decisions, and have been able to control them in rats using targeted light. By changing the activity of the cells they were able to change the behaviour of risk-taking rats to avoid risk, hinting the approach could in future be used to treat people with impulse (冲动) control problems.

Risk-taking is a key part of survival, knowing when to take a chance could pay off—such as moving to a new area to look for food when pickings are slim.

While all animals need an element of risk, the preference towards it varies between individuals. Researchers found this variation, which determines how risk-averse an individual is,



is regulated by brain cells in a region of the brain called the nucleus accumbens. This cluster of neurons releases the neurotransmitter dopamine, which regulates the brain's reward and pleasure centers.

Previous studies have shown that in patients with Parkinson's disease, taking medication which blocks specific dopamine receptors (DR2) (受体) leads to increased gambling (赌博) behaviour and risk taking behaviour. In studies with rats, researchers were able to use a technique called optogenetics (光遗传学)—which uses light sensitive proteins to change the activity of cells—to modify cells with DR2 in the nucleus accumbens.

Rats were trained to choose one of two levers, offering them a choice between a “safe” or “risky” choice. The safe option resulted in a small, but consistent amount of a sugar water treat. But the risky choice consistently delivered smaller amounts of sugar water, with the occasional large pay off—essentially encouraging the animals to gamble for a bigger prize. Around two-thirds of the animals weren't keen on risk, opting for the safe option, but the remaining third were risk-seekers. Brain scans of the animals showed that those with low levels of DR2 consistently went for the gamble.

But using pulses of light to stimulate the DR2 cells and improve their activity could cause the risk-takers to play it safe and opt for the guaranteed but less rewarding option. Once the light-pulses stopped, the risk-takers returned to their gambling strategy.

In the **risk-averse animals**, stimulating the same cells had little to no effect.

Professor Karl of Stanford University in California, said: “Humans and rats have similar brain structures involved.” And we found a drug known to increase risk preference in people had the same effect on the rats. So every indication is that these findings are relevant to humans. “Risky behavior has its moments where it's valuable. As a species, we wouldn't have come as far as we have without it.”

43. The variation in people's preference towards risks is directly regulated by \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. nucleus accumbens
- B. light sensitive proteins
- C. neurons
- D. dopamine

44. From the experiment with rats, we can conclude that \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. the lack of DR2 cells results in a safe option
- B. the levels of DR2 have little to do with their choices
- C. the high levels of DR2 can make animals avoid risks
- D. the risky choice is a less rewarding option

45. The underlined words in Paragraph 7 most likely mean the animals that are \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. willing to take big risks
- B. reluctant to take risks
- C. fond of gambling strategy
- D. afraid of receiving stimulation

46. What can be inferred from what Professor Karl said?

- A. Humans and rats differ in their preference for risk-taking.
- B. Too much risk-taking can do more harm than good.
- C. Risk-taking can be used to treat people with impulse control problems.
- D. Risk-taking is a means of survival and brings higher returns to humans.

## E

### Submitting Assignment Online

In order to upload an assignment to the system properly, you must save the assignment using one of the following applications: Microsoft Word, Corel WordPerfect, or Microsoft Excel.

After you complete an assignment, it is important to save your work. This ensures that assignment being uploaded to the system is the most updated version. Your word processing program may attempt to save the assignment to a folder on your computer. We recommend creating a new folder, named after your course, in a location that is easy to remember, such as “My Documents.”

### File Name Requirements

Select a file name for the assignment that is easy to remember. The file name must NOT contain spaces. Any spaces used in the file name will prevent the file from uploading to the system. File names using the extensions .rtf, .html, .zip, .jpg, or .exe are NOT allowed.

### Assignment Upload Procedure

When the file is ready to upload, follow these steps:

1. Sign in the system.
  2. Enter your address information and click the CONTINUE button. You will be routed to the “Directions” screen.
  3. Review the directions and click the CONTINUE button. You will be routed to the “Special Assignment Upload” screen.
  4. Click the SEARCH button. The “Choose File” window pop-up.
  5. Find the location on your computer where you saved your assignment, and select the file.
- After you have selected the file, click the UPLOAD button to upload your assignment to the system.

### Assignment Submission Dates

Assignments must be submitted by midnight on the specified due date. Submit your assignment on time so that it reaches the system on or before the due date. No late assignments will be accepted or marked. Assignments delivered after the due date will not be assessed and will be failed. Please manage your time carefully as family and work demands will not be accepted as excuses for late or non-submissions. Tutors and administrators do not have the authority to grant extensions.

47. Which of the following file names is acceptable for submitting assignment?

- A. research paper.doc                      B. research paper.pdf  
C. Research paper.doc                      D. research paper.rtf

48. Students are advised to save an assignment to a specific folder in order to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. sign in the system  
B. remember where the document is  
C. choose the appropriate application  
D. remember the document name quickly

49. The phrase “pops up” in the passage probably means “\_\_\_\_\_”.

- A. Appears                      B. eliminates                      C. scans                      D. browses

50. If you submit your assignment late, you \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. can have a second chance

- B. should ask a tutor for help
- C. may apply for an extension
- D. will get a fail for the work

### 第三部分 完型填空（共 30 小题，每小题 1 分，满分 30 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的四个选项（A、B、C 和 D）中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

#### A

Five years ago, I wanted to get a dog. My friend told me many dogs at the local shelter would be 51 if nobody picked them up. 52 I decided to get one from the shelter. There, I met Mia, a 12-week-old 53 puppy found on the street. I loved her and took her home.

I have to admit that I took Mia home not just because I was fond of her. I hoped she would be my assistance dog for my 54 problems. Since birth, I have suffered from a type of heart disease. My heart races and if I don't take medication 55 to slow it, I will lose consciousness and my heart will stop beating. I have to be rushed to hospital to have it 56. At 19, I started to lose my hearing and now struggle with high-pitched sounds such as the phone ringing.

I was studying to be a vet, so the idea of having an assistance dog 57 me. The theory was that Mia would alarm me when the phone was ringing or when my heart rate was 58. Mia was trained by a charity that trains 59 to assist disabled people. I hoped the immediate and instinctive bond Mia and I shared when we met meant she'd be 60.

She wasn't disappointing. She was 61 to be my assistance dog soon. Mia has learned to 62 me just before my disease starts by making a horrible noise. She looks in my handbag and brings me my 63. She puts her paw on my leg to 64 me when the phone is ringing.

Mia has 65 my life many times. And she has made my life much easier. Dogs are man's best friends and can be truly helpful friends. We all should love dogs.

- |                    |               |              |                 |
|--------------------|---------------|--------------|-----------------|
| 51. A. reserved    | B. examined   | C. wounded   | D. killed       |
| 52. A. Because     | B. Otherwise  | C. So        | D. But          |
| 53. A. frightening | B. homeless   | C. awkward   | D. silly        |
| 54. A. finance     | B. family     | C. health    | D. unemployment |
| 55. A. abruptly    | B. frequently | C. gradually | D. immediately  |

- |                    |                |               |                |
|--------------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|
| 56. A. restarted   | B. examined    | C. replaced   | D. observed    |
| 57. A. referred to | B. ran after   | C. stood for  | D. appealed to |
| 58. A. hanging on  | B. speeding up | C. dying back | D. adding up   |
| 59. A. pets        | B. vets        | C. owners     | D. teenagers   |
| 60. A. lovely      | B. relaxed     | C. suitable   | D. cheerful    |
| 61. A. applied     | B. persuaded   | C. qualified  | D. hesitant    |
| 62. A. leave       | B. warn        | C. attack     | D. amuse       |
| 63. A. medicine    | B. keys        | C. money      | D. Computer    |
| 64. A. comfort     | B. inform      | C. please     | D. entertain   |
| 65. A. threatened  | B. extended    | C. saved      | D. changed     |

## B

That afternoon, a disease forced Diana to experience an emergency operation to deliver the couple's new daughter. At 12 inches long and 66 only one pound and nine ounces, she was a premature baby.

But the doctor's soft words dropped like 67. "I don't think she's going to make it" he said. "There's only a 10-percent chance she will pull through the night, and even then, if by some chance she does make it, her future could be a very 68 one."

David and Diana listened as the doctor described the serious problems the newly-born baby, Anna, would 69 face if she survived. She would never walk; she would never 70; she would probably be blind; and so on.

"No!No!" was all Diana could say. She and David, with their 5-year-old son Dusfin, had long 71 the day they would have a daughter to become a family of four. Now, within a matter of hours, that dream was slipping away. But Diana insisted, "I don't care what the doctors say! One day she will be coming home with us!"

Certainly, there was never a moment when Anna suddenly grew 72. But as the weeks went by, she did 73 gain an ounce of weight here and an ounce of 74 there. At last, when Anna turned two months old, her parents were able to 75 her in their arms for the very first time though 76 continued to gently but coldly 77 that her chances of surviving, much less living any kind of normal life, were next to zero.

Finally, Anna went home from the hospital, just as her mother had 78. Today, five years later, Anna is a little hut lively young girl with bright gray eyes 79 a strong interest for life. She shows no 80 of any mental or physical injuries. Simply, she is everything a little girl can be.

- |                     |             |                 |               |
|---------------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------|
| 66. A. showing      | B. counting | C. measuring    | D. weighing   |
| 67. A. gifts        | B. bombs    | C. orders       | D. comforts   |
| 68. A. easy         | B. common   | C. cruel        | D. peaceful   |
| 69. A. bravely      | B. likely   | C. completely   | D. firmly     |
| 70. A. talk         | B. taste    | C. breathe      | D. see        |
| 71. A. gone through | B. given up | C. relied on    | D. dreamed of |
| 72. A. happier      | B. stronger | C. quieter      | D. calmer     |
| 73. A. strangely    | B. sharply  | C. particularly | D. slowly     |
| 74. A. strength     | B. progress | C. skill        | D. wisdom     |
| 75. A. hold         | B. grasp    | C. touch        | D. defend     |
| 76. A. nurses       | B. parents  | C. relatives    | D. doctors    |
| 77. A. notice       | B. warn     | C. judge        | D. urge       |
| 78. A. doubted      | B. feared   | C. hoped        | D. accused    |
| 79. A. but          | B. and      | C. so           | D. or         |
| 80. A. effects      | B. marks    | C. signs        | D. Evidences  |

第四部分（共 10 小题，每题 1 分，共 10 分）

A

Taking good notes is a time-saving skill that will help you to become a better student in several ways. 81 Second, your notes are excellent materials to refer to when you are studying for a test. Third, note-taking offers variety to your study time and helps you to hold your interest.

You will want to take notes during classroom discussions and while reading a textbook or doing research for a report. 82 whenever or however you take notes, keep in mind that note-taking is a selective process. 83 The following methods may work best for you.



Read the text quickly to find the main facts and ideas in it.

Carefully read the text and watch for words that can show main points and supporting facts.

Write your notes in your own words.

84.

Note any questions or ideas you may have about what was said or written. As you take notes, you may want to use your own shorthand (速记). When you do, be sure that you understand your symbols and that you use them all the time. 85.

- A. Use words, not complete sentences.
- B. First, the simple act of writing something down make it easier for you to understand and remember it.
- C. That means you must first decide what is important enough to include in your notes.
- D. You will also want to develop your own method for taking notes.
- E. Otherwise, you may not be able to read your notes later.

## B

As a teacher, one of the most difficult parts of your job is working with parents with proper communication, however, you can build bridges, between the school and home 86. If you do it properly, this is an excellent way to communicate when you cannot meet with parents face to face.

Put positive communication in the letter, even if you are writing to discuss a problem. 87. Even if it is difficult you must find this positive spin because it will make the parents more open to what you have to discuss. The general rule is “start with the good, hit them with the bad, then end on a positive note”.

88. Express your concern and desire to help. Do not place it completely on their shoulders, as they may resent this action. Show them through the letter that you want to work with them to find a solution.

Ask for a response. You can ask them to find a solution part of the letter or give you a call 89. Be caring, but make sure they get the communication. Remember, your goal is to work together to help their child succeed.

Consider mailing, the letter to the parent, rather than sending it home with the student, some students will intentionally forget to give the letter to their parents. While others will accidentally or purposely lose the letter 90.

- A. Share the problem with the parent
- B. Sending it in the mail makes it more certain that it will be received.
- C. If you do not hear from them, you should call them
- D. You can do this by pointing out again the child has made recently
- E. Writing a letter to parent is one way to do this