

2020 年小学英语教师招聘模拟题（五）

总分：100 分

一、单项选择（本题共 20 小题，每题 1 分，共 20 分）

从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出一个可以填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡的相应位置上涂黑。

1. —Mr. Johnson has been chosen as the manager of the sales department.

—_____ he was so excited this morning.

- A. No chance
B. No way
C. Not possible
D. No wonder

2. He has written two articles for the journal, one to be published in this issue, the other to _____ in the next.

- A. turn out
B. come out
C. bring out
D. leave out

3. —Let's walk to that village together.

—_____. How can we two girls do that in the dark?

- A. I agree with you.
B. That's a good point.
C. You must be joking!
D. That's not your opinion!

4. The steamboat was fully furnished with life preservers. The passengers might be saved _____ accidents.

- A. in spite of
B. instead of
C. in case of
D. in place of

5. —Can you come on Monday or Tuesday?

—I'm afraid _____ day is possible.

- A. either
B. neither
C. some
D. any

6. _____ to the party, Nancy was very upset.

- A. Having not been invited
B. Not having invited

- C. Having not invited
D. Not having been invited
7. Although he did not do it _____, he definitely had some responsibility.
A. instantly
B. deliberately
C. accidentally
D. casually
8. Father made a promise _____ I did well in the entrance exam, he would take me to Hong Kong in the summer vacation.
A. if that
B. if
C. that if
D. that
9. She did not feel a bit nervous though it was the first time she _____ in public.
A. spoke
B. have spoken
C. had spoken
D. were speaking
10. It was only after a family related conversation _____ I found out she was actually my distant cousin.
A. when
B. that
C. which
D. who
11. Working hard is not a _____ of great success, but it is among the essential requirements.
A. sign
B. signal
C. guarantee
D. mark
12. We should organize useful activities, which will _____ the relationship of the students.
A. appoint
B. employ
C. promote
D. commit
13. —He was satisfied with the result, wasn't he?
—No. It was so difficult that he _____ have passed it.
A. shouldn't
B. mustn't
C. couldn't
D. wouldn't
14. The mother goes mad every time she washes the T-shirt _____ her son wipes his dirty hands.
A. that
B. where
C. which
D. when

15. But for your help I _____ the work on time. I really do not know how I can thank you enough.

- A. wouldn't finish
- B. hadn't finished
- C. wouldn't have finished
- D. won't have finished

16. In order to attract American students to the _____ Chinese arts, Zhao and her team have turned to master musicians, magicians and martial artists.

- A. authentic
- B. confidential
- C. tentative
- D. artificial

17. The government has decreed that the gasoline tax _____.

- A. is to be abolished
- B. should abolish
- C. were abolished
- D. be abolished

18. Mike used to be a top student, but he has fallen behind _____ he lost himself in playing computer games.

- A. after
- B. since
- C. when
- D. until

19. I don't doubt _____ he's a brilliant scientist, but can he teach?

- A. why
- B. that
- C. whether
- D. if

20. It was reported that only one passenger was fortunate enough to escape _____ in the plane crash.

- A. killing
- B. being killed
- C. to be killed
- D. having killed

二、短文填词（本题共 10 小题，每题 2 分，共 20 分）

Jin Yong (10 March 1924-30 October 2018) was a Chinese wuxia novelist, 1 co-founded the Hong Kong daily newspaper *Ming Bao* in 1959 and served as 2 first editor-in-chief. He was one of the most famous writers in China.

His wuxia has a widespread following in Chinese communities worldwide. His 15 works 3 (produce) between 1955 and 1972 earned him a reputation as one of the greatest and

most popular wuxia writers ever. Over 100 million ___4___ (copy) of his works have been sold worldwide. According to *The Oxford Guide to Contemporary World Literature*, Jin Yong's novels are ___5___ (high) evaluated and are able to appeal to both highbrow and lowbrow tastes. His works have the unusual ability ___6___ (go) beyond geographical and ideological barriers separating Chinese communities of the world, achieving ___7___ (great) success than any other contemporary writer.

His works ___8___ (translate) into many languages so far. There ___9___ (be) many fans outside of Chinese-speaking areas, as a result of the numerous adaptations of his works into films, television series, comics and video games.

Jin Yong is named along with Gu Long and Liang Yusheng as the “Three Legs of the Tripod of wuxia” and the asteroid (小行星) 10930Jinyong (1998 CR2) is named ___10___ him.

三、阅读理解（本题共 10 小题，每题 2 分，共 20 分）

A

In the first year or so of Web business, most of the action has revolved around efforts to tap the consumer market. More recently, as the Web proved to be more than a fashion, companies have started to buy and sell products and services with one another. Such business-to-business sales make sense because business people typically know what product they are looking for.

However, many companies still hesitate to use the Web because of doubts about its reliability. “Businesses need to feel they can trust the pathway between them and the suppliers,” says senior analyst Blane Erwin of Forrester Research. Some companies are limiting the risk by conducting online transactions only with established business partners who are given access to the company's private Internet.

Another major shift in the model for Internet commerce concerns the technology available for marketing. Until recently, Internet marketing activities have focused on strategies to “pull” customers to sites. In the past year, however, software companies have developed tools that allow companies to “push” information directly onto consumers. Companies such as Virtual Vineyards are already starting to use similar technologies to push messages to customers about special sales, product offerings, or other events. But push technology has earned the contempt of many Web

users. Online culture thinks highly of the notion that the information flowing onto the screen comes there by specific request. Once commercial promotion begins to fill the screen uninvited, the distinction between the Web and television fades. That's a prospect that horrifies Net purists.

But it is nearly inevitable that companies on the Web will need to resort to past strategies to make money. A Web site selling the right kind of products with the right mix of interactivity, hospitality, and security will attract online customers. And the cost of computing power continues to free fall, which is a good sign for any enterprises setting up shop in silicon. People looking back 5 or 10 years from now may well wonder why so few companies took the online plunge.

1. All of the following statements are true EXCEPT that _____.
 - A. two major shifts in Internet commerce are mentioned in this passage
 - B. in some way, the Web acts as the pathway
 - C. "push" technology enjoys low reputation among Web users
 - D. many companies began to take the online plunge decades ago.
2. In the view of Net purist, _____.
 - A. there should be no marketing messages in online culture
 - B. money making should be given priority on the Web
 - C. the Web should be able to function as the television set
 - D. there should be no online commercial information without requests
3. The underlined term "past strategies" in Para. 4 refers to _____.
 - A. interactivity, hospitality and security
 - B. business-to-business sales
 - C. "push technology"
 - D. online marketing
4. The author's tone of writing this passage is _____.

| | |
|-----------------|----------------|
| A. pessimistic | B. hopeful |
| C. disappointed | D. indifferent |

B

Commuters of the future could get some relief from congested roads especially the peak-hour traffic if Uber's plans for flying taxis work out.

The battery-powered aircraft looks like a cross between a small plane and a helicopter, with fixed wings and rotors (旋转器). It was presented at an international technology conference in Lisbon, Portugal.

Catering for the need of shorter city travel time, the vehicle is intended to soar over traffic congestion. Uber hopes it will eventually become a form of convenient mass transport and cost commuters aboard less than using their own car, though initially it will be more expensive than that, Uber's Chief Product Officer Jeff Holden said.

The scheme still faces plenty of challenges, including certification of the new vehicle by authorities, pilot training and constructing urban air traffic management systems that prevent collisions.

Holden declared that Uber is joining NASA's project to expand air traffic systems, which scores of other companies already belong to.

He told The Associated Press in an interview that he has no dollar figure for the total investment. He said Uber is putting some of its own money into the project, developing software, while other investors are also involved, such as aircraft manufacturers that are developing the vehicle and real estate companies that are providing so-called "skyports" where people will catch their airborne taxi.

Uber is making a bid to reform and polish up its image which has been damaged by certain negative news. Holden said those episodes did not slow development of the flying taxi project of the great company that is in transition.

1. Which of the statement is correct according to Holden?

- A. Flying taxis are more cost-effective than driving private cars.
- B. Uber has to cooperate with NASA to reach its goal.
- C. The success of this project, if possible, will polish up Uber's image.
- D. The final achievement of Uber's goal relies not only on the company itself.

2. What does the underlined word "episodes" in the paragraph probably mean?

- A. trouble
- B. exchange
- C. incident
- D. process

3. What is implied in the last paragraph?

- A. Uber is committed to developing the flying taxi project.
- B. Uber is to accomplish its transition period in the near future.
- C. Uber's reputation used to be ruined by rumors.
- D. Uber has recovered from its damaged image.

C

The expression, "everybody's doing it," is very much at the center of the concept of peer pressure. It is a social influence applied on an individual in order to get that person to act or behave in a similar way as a larger group.

People are social creatures by nature, and so it is hardly surprising that some part of their self-respect comes from the approval of others. This instinct explains why the approval of peers, or the fear of disapproval, is such a powerful force in many people's lives. This instinct drives people to dress one way at home and another way at work, or to answer a simple "fine" when a stranger asks "how are you?" even if it is not necessarily true.

For certain individuals, seeking social acceptance is so important that it becomes an addiction. Teens and young adults may feel forced to smoke, or drink alcohol, which might encourage criminal behavior. Mature adults may sometimes feel pressured to cover up illegal activity at the company where they work, or end up in debt because they are unable to hold back the desire to buy a house or car that they can't afford in an effort to keep up with the peers.

However, peer pressure is not always negative. A student whose friends are good at academics may be urged to work harder and get good grades. Players on a sports team may feel driven to play harder in order to help the team win. This type of influence can also get a friend off smoking, or to help an adult take up a good habit or drop a bad one.

Although peer pressure is sometimes quite obvious, it can also be so subtle that a person may not even notice that it is affecting his or her behavior. For this reason, when making important decisions, simply going with an instinct is risky. Instead, people should seriously consider why they feel drawn to taking a particular action, or it is simply because everyone else is doing the same thing.

1. What does the underlined word "instinct" in paragraph 2 probably mean?

| | |
|------------------------|-------------------------|
| A. A natural tendency. | B. An acquired ability. |
| C. A popular idea. | D. An obvious mistake. |
2. What is the author's suggestion when making a decision?

| | |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| A. Simply go with an instinct. | B. Ask for advice from adults. |
| C. Listen to the inner motivation. | D. Follow in the footsteps of others. |
3. What is the author's attitude to peer pressure?

| | | | |
|---------------|---------------|--------------|-----------------|
| A. Objective. | B. Ambiguous. | C. Critical. | D. Indifferent. |
|---------------|---------------|--------------|-----------------|

四、课程与教学论填空（本题共 5 小题，每题 1 分，共 5 分）

1. 《义务教育英语课程标准（2011 版）》以学生_____的描述方式设定各级目标要求，旨在强调培养学生的综合语言运用能力。
2. 根据《义务教育英语课程标准（2011 版）》，英语教学应有利于学生理解外国文化，加深对祖国文化的理解，进而拓展文化视野，形成_____和初步的跨文化交际的能力。
3. 方老师在学生做完练习后，让学生注意了解和反思自己学习英语中的进步与不足，在这个过程中教师主要是培训了学生_____学习策略。
4. 《义务教育英语课程标准（2011 年版）》指出，英语教材是英语课程资源的核心部分。

深入开展教材分析，把握教材的设计理念，熟悉教材编排特点，了解教材所提供的资源是教师有效利用和_____教材的前提。

5. 英语阅读微技能主要包括：predicting、skimming、scanning 等，其中了解文章大意的阅读是_____。

五、书面表达（共 10 分）

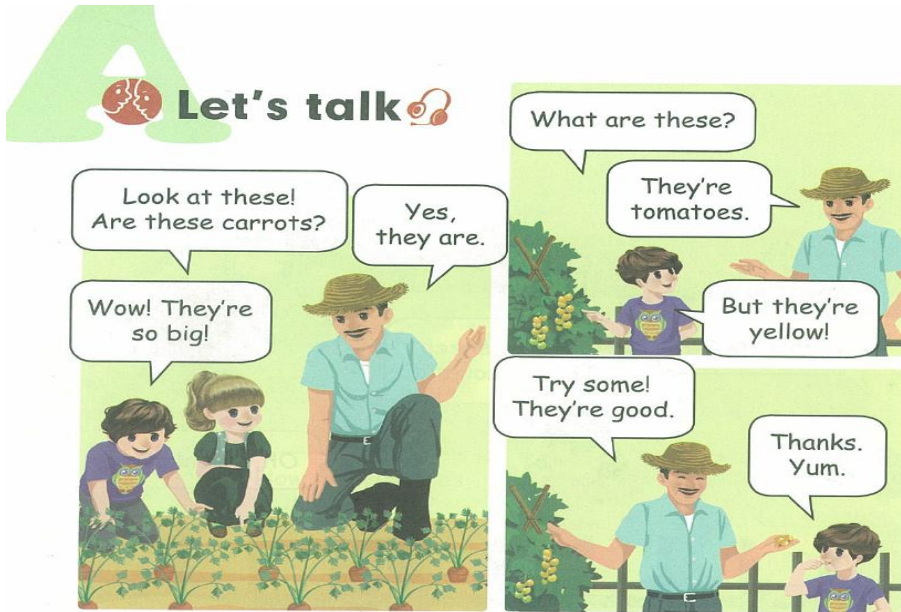
假定你是李华，你所在的城市正在举办首届书法（Calligraphy）展，不仅包括了古今名作，还有一些业余爱好者的优秀作品。请你给外教 Mr. Green 写封信，邀请他去参观。书法展举办的时间：本周早九点到晚九点；地点：the City Exhibition Center。字数不少于 120 词。

六、教学设计（共 15 分）

请根据人教版四年级下册 unit4 at the farm let's talk 部分内容，按照要求完成下列教学设计任务。（设计意图可用中文表达）

教学材料：





Let's play



【问题】

1. 请针对教学内容写出本课教学目标。
2. 请针对教学内容设计 Practice 环节的活动，并说明设计意图。
3. 请针对教学内容设计 Production 环节的活动，并说明设计意图。
4. 假定 carrots 和 tomato 是生词，你认为应该怎样向学生呈现生词最简单有效？为什么？（用中文作答）

七、案例分析（共 10 分）

以下为某教师在执教阅读课教学时的部分核心教学环节；

教学内容：

It is Saturday morning. Tom comes to Jingling's home. He knocks on the door. Jim's mother opens the door.

"Good morning, Auntie," says Tom.

"Good morning, Tom. Come in, please," says Jim's mother. "Thank you," says Tom.

"Are you going to the park today?" asks Jim's mother.

"Yes, we are. Is Jim ready?" asks Tom.

"Come in, Tom. She is getting ready." says Jim's mother.

Tom comes in and sees Jingling.

"Hi, Jim, are you ready? Don't forget to take some water with you," says Tom.

"OK. You see, I have a bottle of water with me," says Jim.

They say goodbye to Jim's mother and rush to meet their friends. The children play games in the park. They have a wonderful and happy day together.

核心教学环节:

- 1.教师引导学生看图，在师生互动中推测故事大意。
- 2.看图，学习必要的单词和短语。
- 3.教师针对故事提出简单的问题，学生用简单的语言或肢体语言反馈对故事的理解。
- 4.打乱图片顺序，教师讲述故事，学生听并指出是哪幅图。
- 5.在教师指导下，学生分角色练习故事中的对话。
- 6.学生听录音跟读故事。学生通过个人默读和分组朗读进一步理解故事。

问题（1）小学故事课教学的主要目的是什么？

（2）评价该教学设计出现的问题

2020年小学英语教师招聘模拟题参考答案及解析（五）

一、单项选择（本题共20小题，每题1分，共20分）

1. 【答案】D

【解析】考查情景交际。句意：“约翰逊先生被选为销售部经理。”“难怪他今天早上这么兴奋。”No chance意为“不可能”；No way意为“没门”；Not possible意为“不可能”；No wonder意为“难怪”。上下两句照应，因为升职而兴奋，用“No wonder”表示意料之中，故选D。

2. 【答案】B

【解析】考查动词短语辨析。句意：他为这家杂志写了两篇文章，一篇在这一期发表，另一篇在下一期出版。turn out意为“结果是，证明是”；come out意为“出现，出版，结果是”；bring out意为“生产，说出”；leave out意为“遗漏，不考虑”。根据前半句publish可知，另一篇也将“发表，出版”，故选B。

3. 【答案】C

【解析】考查情景交际。句意“我们一起步行走到那个村子去吧。”“你一定是在开玩笑！天那么黑，而且我们是两个女孩子？”I agree with you.意为“我同意你的观点”；That's a good point.意为“说得好”；You must be joking!意为“你一定是在开玩笑！”That's not your opinion!意为“那不是你的建议！”根据后半句how can we,表示难以置信，怎么可能，故选C。

4. 【答案】C

【解析】考查短语辨析。句意：这艘汽船配备了全套救生设备。万一发生事故，乘客可能会得救。in spite of意为“尽管”；instead of意为“代替”；in case of意为“万一”；in place of意为“代替”。结合句意，故选C。

5. 【答案】B

【解析】考查不定代词。句意：“周一到周二你能来吗？”“恐怕两天都不可能。”此处either意为“两者之见任何一个”；neither意为“两者都不”。根据I'm afraid可知，是两天都不行。故选B。

6. 【答案】D

【解析】考查非谓语动词。句意：没有被邀请参加晚会，Nancy 很不高兴。谓语动词的动作 was 明显先于 invite，用完成式，且句子主语 Nancy 和 invite 之间是被动关系，所以要用现在分词完成式的被动语态或过去分词，另外，非谓语动词的否定式是在非谓语动词前加 not，故选 D。

7. 【答案】B

【解析】考查副词辨析。句意：虽然他不是故意这样做的，但他确实负有一定的责任。instantly 意为“立即地”；deliberately 意为“故意地”；accidentally 意为“意外地，偶然地”；casually 意为“随便地”。根据句意，故选 B。

8. 【答案】C

【解析】考查名词性从句。句意：爸爸答应我，如果我考得好，他会在暑假带我去香港。此处 promise 后面是 that 引导的同位语从句，说明 promise 的具体内容；在同位语从句中含有 if 引导的条件状语从句。故选 C。

9. 【答案】C

【解析】考查固定句式。句意：虽然这是她第一次在公共场合讲话，但她一点也不紧张。固定句式：it was the first (second...) time that 主语+过去完成时态。故选 C。

10. 【答案】B

【解析】考查强调句。句意：只是在一次与家庭有关的谈话后，我才发现她实际上是我的远房表妹。此处是一个强调句型，句子强调时间状语，故答案为 that。故选 B。

11. 【答案】C

【解析】考查名词辨析。句意：努力工作不是取得巨大成功的保证，但它是必不可少的条件之一。sign 意为“标志，迹象”；signal 意为“信号”；guarantee 意为“保证”；mark 意为“符号”。根据句意，故选 C。

12. 【答案】C

【解析】考查动词辨析。句意：我们应该组织有益的活动，这将促进学生之间的关系。appoint 意为“任命”；employ 意为“雇佣”；promote 意为“推动，促进”；commit 意为“犯罪，使……承担义务”。根据句意，故选 C。

13. 【答案】C

【解析】考查情态动词。句意：“他对结果很满意，是吗？”“不。考试太难了，他不可能通过。”shouldn't 意为“不应该”；mustn't 意为“禁止，不允许”；couldn't 意为“不可能”；

wouldn't 意为“不会”。固定结构: couldn't have done 意为“不可能做过某事”, 此处是对过去事情有把握的否定推测。故选 C。

14. 【答案】B

【解析】考查定语从句。句意: 母亲每次洗儿子擦脏手的 T-shirt 时都会发疯。此处 the T-shirt 是先行词, 指物, 在后面的定语从句作地点状语, 故选 B。

15. 【答案】C

【解析】考查虚拟语气。句意: 要不是你的帮助, 我就不会按时完成这项工作了。我真不知道该怎么感谢你才好。此处 But for 意为“要不是”, 相当于 if 引导的虚拟语气, 与过去的事实相反, 所以主语部分应该是 would/might/could+ have done 结构。故选 C。

16. 【答案】A

【解析】考查形容词辨析。句意: 为了吸引美国学生学习真正的中国艺术, 赵和她的团队已经向音乐大师、魔术师和武术家寻求帮助。authentic 意为“真正的”; confidential 意为“秘密的”; tentative 意为“暂时的”; artificial 意为“人造的”。根据句意, 故选 A。

17. 【答案】D

【解析】考查虚拟语气。句意: 政府已下令废除燃油税。decree 后边由 that 引导的宾语从句用虚拟语气。虚拟语气由“(should)+动词原型”形式构成。宾语从句中主语“gasoline tax”和“废除”应是被动关系, 故应用动词的被动语态。故选 D。

18. 【答案】B

【解析】考查连词辨析。句意: 迈克曾经是一名优等生, 但自从沉迷于电脑游戏后, 他就落后了。after 意为“在……之后”; since 意为“自从……”; when 意为“当……时”; until 意为“直到……时”。根据题意, 故选 B。

19. 【答案】B

【解析】考查名词性从句。句意: 我不怀疑他是个卓越的科学家, 但是他教书行吗? 在 have (there is) no doubt 后常跟 that 引导的从句。在肯定句中, doubt 后面有时可跟 whether 引起的从句。e.g There is some doubt whether John will come on time. 但在否定句中, 不能用 whether 引导的从句。故选 B。

20. 【答案】B

【解析】考查非谓语动词。句意: 据报道只有一名旅客在那次飞机失事中幸免遇难。escape 后跟动名词作宾语不能跟动词不定式。据此 C 项被排除。kill 应用被动语态, 因为旅

客与 kill 的关系是被动的，这样只有 B 项 (being killed 动名词的被动语态) 符合要求，故选 B。

二、短文填词 (本题共 10 小题，每题 2 分，共 20 分)

【试题分析】本文是一篇说明文。文章介绍了著名的武侠小说作家金庸的相关情况。

1. 【参考答案】who

【解析】考查定语从句。句意：金庸 (1924 年 3 月 10 日——2018 年 10 月 30 日) 是中国武侠小说家，1959 年他与人共同创办了香港日报《明报》，并任第一任主编。who 在此引导非限制性定语从句，先行词指人。故填入 who。

2. 【参考答案】the/its

【解析】考查冠词或形容词性物主代词。序数词前用定冠词 the 表示特指；也可用形容词性物主代词 its。故填入 the/its。

3. 【参考答案】produced

【解析】考查非谓语动词。句意：他的武侠小说在世界各地的华人群体有着广泛的追随者。1955 年至 1972 年间创作的 15 部 (武侠) 作品为他赢得了史上最伟大、最受欢迎的武侠作家之一的美誉。过去分词短语作后置定语修饰 works，produce 与 works 之间为逻辑上的动宾关系。故填入 produced。

4. 【参考答案】copies

【解析】考查名词。句意：他的作品在全世界售出了 1 亿多册。由前面的“Over 100 million”可知，此处用复数形式。故填入 copies。

5. 【参考答案】highly

【解析】考查副词。句意：根据《牛津当代世界文学指南》，金庸的小说获得高度评价并能够雅俗共赏。此处应用副词 highly 作状语修饰谓语。故填入 highly。

6. 【参考答案】to go

【解析】考查非谓语动词。句意：他的作品有不同寻常的超越分隔全世界华人群体的地理和意识形态障碍的能力，取得了比其他任何当代作家更大的成功。动词不定式短语作后置定语修饰 ability。故填入 to go。

7. 【参考答案】greater

【解析】考查形容词。根据句中的 than 可知此处应用比较级。故填入 greater。

8. 【参考答案】 have been translated

【解析】考查动词的时态、语态和主谓一致。句意：迄今为止，他的作品已被译成多种语言。由时间状语 so far 可知应用现在完成时；主语 His works 与 translate 为被动关系，故用现在完成时的被动语态；又主语为复数，故填入 have been translated。

9. 【参考答案】 are

【解析】考查动词的时态和主谓一致。句意：由于他的作品被多次改编成电影、电视剧、漫画和视频游戏，有许多华语地区以外的粉丝。此处是 There be 句型，根据就近原则及 many fans 可知用复数形式；描述客观事实用一般现在时，故填 are。故填入 are。

10. 【参考答案】 after

【解析】考查介词。句意：金庸与古龙、梁羽生并称为“武侠小说三大宗师”，并且 10930Jinyong (1998CR2) 这颗小行星是以他的名字命名的。name after 是固定短语，意为“以……命名”，句中用了其被动形式。故填入 after。

三、阅读理解（本题共 10 小题，每题 2 分，共 20 分）

A

【试题分析】本文是一篇说明文。介绍了最初进行网络商业的公司如何去努力开拓市场，以及网络营销模式的变化和取得成绩的公司的成功之道。

1. 【答案】 D

【解析】细节理解题。根据最后一段最后一句“People looking back 5 or 10 years from now may well wonder why so few companies took the online plunge.”人们现在回顾过去，也许回想五年前或者十年前致力于网络商业的公司怎么会这么少。可知，与 D 项陈述不一致。故选 D。

2. 【答案】 D

【解析】推理判断题。根据第三段倒数第二句“Online culture thinks highly of the notion that the information flowing onto the screen comes there by specific request. Once commercial promotion begins to fill the screen uninvited, the distinction between the Web and television fades.”可知，原来网络文化所认同的是电脑屏幕上的信息都是人们所查询的。否则一旦商业广告不请自来，充斥屏幕，网络和电视就没有差别了。所以可以看出网络纯粹主义者认为商业信息不应该不请自现。故选 D。

3. 【答案】 A

【解析】细节理解题。根据第四段第一句“*But it is nearly inevitable that companies on the Web will need to resort to past strategies to make money. A Web site selling the right kind of products with the right mix of interactivity, hospitality, and security will attract online customers.*”可知，这里的过去的策略指的是“互动、热情和安全”。故选 A。

4. 【答案】B

【解析】推理判断题。文章作者认为网络商业在不断发展，拓展市场的方法也日渐成熟，加入这一领域的公司必将越来越多。从而可以推断出，作者写此文章的语调是怀有希望的。故选 B。

B

【试题分析】本文为说明文。绍了 Uber 公司致力于发展飞行出租车项目来缓解交通拥堵，虽然目前遇到一些小插曲，但是不会影响公司的发展方向。

1. 【答案】D

【解析】细节理解题。根据倒数第二段中的“*He said Uber is putting some of its own money into the project, developing software, while other investors are also involved, such as aircraft manufacturers that are developing the vehicle and real estate companies that are providing so-called ‘skyports’ where people will catch their airborne taxi.*”他说，Uber 正在把自己的一部分资金投入到这个项目中，开发软件，而其他投资者也参与其中，比如开发这种汽车的飞机制造商，以及提供所谓“空中机场”的房地产公司，人们可以在那里搭乘空中出租车。可知，Uber 最终要成功，不仅需要自身公司的投入，还需要融入其他公司的力量。故选 D。

2. 【答案】C

【解析】词义猜测题。根据最后一段中的“*Uber is making a bid to reform and polish up its image which has been damaged by certain negative news.*”Uber 正在努力改革和改善其被某些负面新闻损害的形象。可知，Uber 在发展过程中，不是一帆风顺的。those episodes 就指代了前面的这些小插曲。故选 C。

3. 【答案】A

【解析】推理判断题。根据最后一段中的“*Uber is making a bid to reform and polish up its image which has been damaged by certain negative news. Holden said those episodes did not slow development of the flying taxi project of the great company that is in transition.*”Uber 正在努力改革和改善其被某些负面新闻损害的形象。Holden 说这些插曲并没有减缓正在转型的大公司飞行出租车项目的发展。可推断出，虽然 Uber 在改革过程中碰到一下小插曲，但是它会坚定不移地发展飞行出租车项目。故选 A。

C

【试题分析】本文为说明文。介绍了同龄人压力的利和弊，以及应对同龄人压力的正确方法。

1. 【答案】A

【解析】词义猜测题。根据第二段中的“People are social creatures by nature, and so it is hardly surprising that some part of their self-respect comes from the approval of others. This instinct explains why the approval of peers, or the fear of disapproval, is such a powerful force in many people’s lives.”人生来就是群居动物，所以他们的部分自尊来自于他人的认可也就不足为奇了。这种本能解释了为什么在许多人的生活中，同伴的赞同，或在不赞同的恐惧是如此强大的力量。由此可知，instinct就是指这种自然的倾向。故选A。

2. 【答案】C

【解析】推理判断题。根据第五段中的“For this reason, when making important decisions, simply going with an instinct is risky. Instead, people should seriously consider why they feel drawn to taking a particular action, or it is simply because everyone else is doing the same thing.”因此，在做重要决定时，仅仅凭直觉行事是有风险的。相反，人们应该认真考虑为什么他们会被某个特定的行为所吸引，或者仅仅是因为其他人都在做同样的事情。可见，当做决定时，我们不是受同龄人影响，而应该遵循自己的内心。故选C。

3. 【答案】A

【解析】推理判断题。作者在这篇文章里既提及了同龄人压力的消极面，也谈到了它的积极的一面。由此可知，作者对此的态度是客观而中立的，没有偏颇的。故选A。

四、课程与教学论填空（本题共5小题，每题1分，共5分）

1. 【参考答案】能用英语做事情

【解析】考查义务课标。本标准以学生“能用英语做事情”的描述方式设定各级目标要求，旨在强调培养学生的综合语言运用能力。

2. 【参考答案】跨文化交际意识

【解析】考查义务课标。培养学生的跨文化交际意识，发展跨文化交际能力。

3. 【参考答案】调控策略

【解析】考查义务课标。调控策略是指学生对学习加以计划、实施、反思、评价和调整

的行动和步骤，题干中让学生反思自己的不足即为调控策略。

4. 【参考答案】开发教材

【解析】考查义务课标。深入开展教材分析、把握教材的设计理念、熟悉教材的编排特点、了解教材所提供的资源是教师有效利用和开发教材的前提。

5. 【参考答案】skimming

【解析】考查义务课标。英语阅读微技能主要包括：predicting、skimming、scanning，其中 predicting 主要通过图片和标题对文章内容进行预测，skimming 主要理解文章的主旨大意，而 scanning 环节主要解决文章的细节问题。

五、书面表达（共 10 分）

【题目分析】

解题思路：

(1) 要求以李华的身份给外教 Mr. Green 写封信，邀请他去参观自己所在的城市正在举办首届书法展；

(2) 信件第一段表明写信目的；第二段介绍书法展的时间、地点以及主要展品；第三段要求对方提前告知是否来参加书法展。

答案要求：

- (1) 一般现在时为主；
- (2) 语言力求准确、简洁；
- (3) 按顺序安排好材料，适当增加细节。

【参考范文】

Dear Mr. Green,

Knowing that you are interested in Chinese culture, I am writing to invite you to participate in the first calligraphy exhibition which is being held in our city.

In order to increase people's interest in calligraphy and provide opportunities for ordinary people to display their calligraphic skills, the show is going to be held in the City Exhibition Center from 9:00 am to 9:00 p.m. this week. Apart from the works of some ancient and modern Chinese masters, the works of or diary people will also be exhibited, which I think is the most attractive part for us.

If you want to pay a visit to it, please inform me of your available time so that we can go there together.

Yours,

六、教学设计（共 15 分）

【试题分析】

1. 本题为听说课教学设计；
2. 教学设计中要注重学生听说能力的培养；
3. 教学设计包括教学目标、教学过程等环节。

【参考答案】

1. Teaching objectives:

Knowledge objectives: Students can read, write and use the key words and sentence pattern in this lesson, including words: carrots, tomatoes; sentence: —What are these? —These are ...; Are these ...? —Yes, they are. / No, they aren't.

Ability objective: Students can use the key words and sentences pattern in this lesson to talk about the vegetable and fruit.

Emotional objective: Students can develop a healthy eating habits in their daily life.

2. Practice

Activity1 Sentence train: The teacher asks students to pass the sentences one by one, paying attention to the pronunciation and intonation.

T: One tells the next one in low voice, then the next one tells the one behind. Finally, the last one speaks out loudly.

【设计意图】通过传句子的活动学生在游戏中培养英语学习兴趣，课堂氛围活跃，同时学生也能学会句型。

Activity2 Dub the video: Students read after the tape and imitate the pronunciation and intonation. Then students work in groups to dub the video without subtitles.

T: You can work in groups to read in different roles and the dub the video.

【设计意图】学生通过分角色朗读和为视频配音活动能够锻炼其听说能力，学会讨论蔬菜的句型。

3. Consolidation

Be a helpful assistant

The teacher creates a scene: in order to be a little helper at home, today we are going to visit the vegetable market, trying to know more about the vegetables. Students work in a group of 4, discussing the vegetables in the market, making a list and deciding to buy something for the dinner. In the process, they are supposed to use the key sentences in this less. Then invites some groups to share their lists of the vegetables. Others and the teacher will give comments.

【设计意图】通过小组讨论，列清单并最终决定，学生能够将所学的词汇和句型运用到实际生活中，增强他们对于日常生活中蔬菜相关的讨论和知识，并能够提高其综合语言运用能力。

4. 采用直观法呈现单词即可，如利用图片、实物、视频等方式呈现相应的胡萝卜、西红柿。采用直观法的优点在于：采用各种直观教具，有助于培养用外语思维的能力；强调直接学习和直接应用，注重语言实践练习，学生学习积极性高，学习兴趣浓厚；重视口语和语音教学，有效地培养学生的语言运用能力。

七、案例分析（共 10 分）

【参考答案】

1.故事教学的目的在于通过看图听、读故事等活动训练学生观察图片、理解英文故事的能力，并通过跟读、模仿到讲述故事，培养学生的英语语感和初步的表达能力。

2.（1）该教学活动的流程环节在 3,4,5,6 环节中未能遵循由易到难，循序渐进原则。步骤三和步骤四、步骤五和步骤六需要进行调换。通过图片和教师讲述故事，学生指出教师所讲故事是哪副图片，这是考查学生对故事内容的初步理解和感知，该活动内容相对比较简单。对故事提出简单问题让学生进行回答主要是考查学生对故事细节内容的理解。

步骤五中分角色练习故事对话与步骤六跟读故事两个活动，也需要符合学生的学习特点。学生只有在先跟读模仿语音语调的基础上的表演才能更加生动。

（2）教学过程缺少学生的形成性评价，建议增加对学生的鼓励性评价。