# 定语从句必做30题(1)

	1. My mother is grateful to the surgeon, without			help she would have died from her		
hea	rt attack.	ack.				
	A. whom	B. them	C. which	D. whose		
	2. In September of 20	016, the G20 summit v	vill be held in Hang	zhou, theme is to		
stre	ress innovation, reform and development.  A. where B. which C. when D. whose					
	A. where	B. which	C. when	D. whose		
	3. The gentleman	you talked yesterd	ay proved to be a thi	ef.		
	A. what	B. who	C. for which	D. about whom		
	4. —Friends, we'll graduate from middle school. We shouldn't forget the days we					
spent with classmates.						
	—Yeah, without friends, one can't be happy.					
	A. when	B. how	C. who	D. which		
	5. I can remember well the persons and some pictures I saw in the art museum.					
	A. what	B. that	C. how	D. which		
	6. Examination compositions, together with most business letters and government reports, are					
the	e main situations formal language is used.					
	A. in which	B. on which	C. of which	D. for which		
	7. I was greatly shocked by the way things were done there.					
	A. what	B. that	C. as	D. which		
	8. We talked about things has happened a few months ago.					
	A. which	B. what	C. whose	D. who		
	9. I can never forget	the day we w	vorked together and	the day we spent		
together.						
	A. when; which	B. which; when	C. what; that	D. on which; when		
	10. Shy people often	avoid situations	would force th	em into close contact with		
others.						
	A. where	B. which	C. when	D. what		

### 模拟题及答案解析

## 答案解析

- 1.D【解析】考查定语从句。句意:我的妈妈很感激她的外科医生,没有他的帮助,我妈妈可能会因心脏病而去世。从句主谓宾结构完整,空格处的关系词与 help 之间明显存在所属关系。whose 表所属关系,既可指人也可指物,在从句中作定语。指物时相当于 of which;指人时相当于 of whom。故选 D。
- 2. D【解析】考查定语从句。句意: 2016年9月,G20峰会将在杭州举行,此次峰会的主题是创新,改革和发展。此处为非限制定语从句,缺定语。故选 D。
- 3.D【解析】考查定语从句。句意: 你昨天谈及的那位男士证实是个小偷。先行词是 the gentleman,后面的定语从句缺少 talk 的宾语,且 talk 为不及物动词,谈及 talk about,在定语从句中可以将从句中缺少的介词 about 和关系代词 whom 一起置于从句句首。故选 D。
- 4.D【解析】考查定语从句。句意: "朋友们,我们将从中学毕业。我们不应该忘记和同学们一起度过的日子。" "是的,没有朋友,你就不会快乐。"此处考查定语从句,先行词是 the days,且作 spent 的宾语,即 spend the days with sb.,需要填入关系代词,因此填which,而 when 表时间,关系副词; how 表方式,在名词性从句中作连接副词; who 指人,关系代词。故选 D。
- 5.B【解析】考查定语关系。句意: 我能很好地记住我在艺术博物馆看到的那些人和照片。先行词是 the persons and some pictures, 既有人又有物,因此选 that。故选 B。
- 6.A【解析】考查定语从句。句意:正式的语言主要应用于考试中的写作,以及大多数的商务信函和政府工作报告当中。situation 后面由 which 引导定语从句,意为"在……情况下",在定语从句中充当地点状语,缺少介词 in,故选 A。
- 7.B【解析】考查定语从句。句意:我对那里人们处理事情的方式感到非常震惊。the way 在定语从句中作状语,引导词用 that、in which 或者省略。故选 B。
- 8.A【解析】考查定语从句。句意:我们讨论了几个月前发生的事。其一,该句为定语从句,排除 B 选项,what 不能引导定语从句;其二,该从句先行词为 things,排除 D,且从句缺少主语,排除 C,whose 常作定语。故选 A。
- 9.A【解析】考查定语从句。句意:我不可能忘记我们一起工作和一起度过的日子。两个先行词 the day 都是表示时间的名词,但第一个空白处要填的关系词在从句中作状语,因此要用关系副词 when。第二个空白处要填的关系词在从句中作动词 spent 的宾语,因此要用关系代词 which 或 that 来引导定语从句。故选 A。



## 模拟题及答案解析

#### 教师事业部

10.B【解析】考查定语从句。句意: 害羞的人经常避免让他们和其他人密切接触的情况。 其一, 先行词是 situation; 其二, 定语从句中缺少主语。根据定语从句中关系词的用法, 当 从句中缺少主、系、表语等, 应选用关系代词引导定语从句。故选 B。